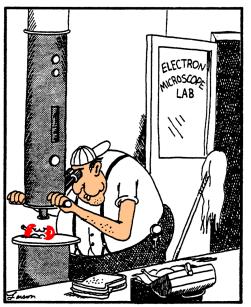
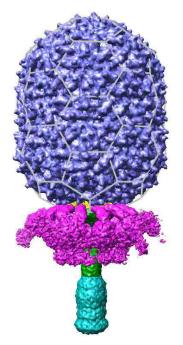
CHEM 165,265 / BIMM 162 / BGGN 262 Winter 2013 3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules



When: TuTh 8:00-9:20 AM Jan 8 - Mar 14
Where: Peterson Hall 103
Who: Tim Baker Hector Viadiu



EVERYONE (students and auditors) Please provide requested info on CLASS ROSTER handout and return to T. Baker asap (today or <u>Thursday</u>) CHEM 165,265 / BIMM 162 / BGGN 262 Winter 2013 3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules

PRIMARY GOAL

- Basic, theoretical understanding of the principles and practice of TEM and 3D image reconstruction
- Emphasis is on **BIOLOGICAL** specimens

CHEM 165,265 / BIMM 162 / BGGN 262 Winter 2013 3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules

<u>Rule #1</u>

CHEM 165 = CHEM 165,265 / BIMM 162 / BGGN 262

3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules COURSE MATERIALS / HANDOUTS

- Class Roster (please check, fill in, and return to T. Baker asap)
- Basic Info and Syllabus (also posted on Web)

BASIC INFO AND SYLLABUS (2013)

LECTURERS: → Timothy S. Baker, Natural Sciences NSB 4-105, 4-5845, tsb@ucsd.edu¶ → Hector Viadiu, Natural Sciences NSB 4-316, 2-4486, viadiu@ucsd.edu¶

ADMIN. ASSIST .: → Irene Acosta: NSB 4-103, 2-2514, riacosta@ucsd.edu ¶

WHERE & WHEN: Peterson Hall 103; Tue/Thu 8:00-9:20 a.m.

COURSE GOALS

Gain a basic understanding of the principles of transmission electron microscopy (TEM) and threedimensional (3D) image reconstruction as applied primarily to the study of biological macromolecules, macromolecular complexes, and small organelles and cells. Knowledge of these principles form a foundation for those who may be interested in obtaining practical experience and training in TEM and 3D reconstruction. Even if you never record a TEM image or compute a 3D reconstruction, the course should help broaden your knowledge about powerful, rapidly evolving tools of structural biology and enable you to critically evaluate research results reported in the scientific literature that rely on the use of these popular technologies.[¶]

COURSE FORMAT

- 1. Lectures on Tuesdays and Thursdays (8:00-9:20 am) from Jan 8 through Mar 14.
- One or two optional lab "demos" might be offered outside of the normal class period (e.g. to tour a modern TEM facility) and will provide a means to earn some extra credit.
- 3. Optional, 1-hour recitation/help sessions will be held on some Fridays (time/place yet to be determined) where students can ask burning questions about lectures or optional homework assignments and to help prepare for exams. This time might also be used to cover certain topics in more depth than possible in class, or that couldn't be covered in class but which are covered in required reading materials.⁴

GRADING

Undergraduate students (those taking CHEM 165 or BIMM 162): There will be one midterm exam (100 pts), a comprehensive final exam (200 pts), and three, two-page written critiques (50 pts each) chosen from six different image processing topics. You may submit up to six critiques, but the final grade will be based on an un-weighted sum of the midterm and final exam plus the three highest scored critiques (for grand total of 450 possible points). There are **NO MAKE-UP EXAMS**. ¶

Graduate students (those taking CHEM 265 or BGGN 262): The rules are essentially the same as for undergraduates except that graduate students must submit four and only four critiques. Hence, the final grade will be based on an un-weighted sum of the midterm and final exam plus the four critiques (for grand total of 500 possible points). In addition, the comprehensive final exam will include questions that differ from those given to undergraduate students and will also include more challenging versions of questions given to the undergraduates. There are **NO MAKE-UP EXAMS**.

CLASS HANDOUTS AND OTHER MATERIALS

Course reading material is posted on the class website at http://cryoem.ucsd.edu. Access to this and additional material requires a username and password provided during the first class meeting. Lecture notes include most of the illustrations that will be shown as <u>Powerpoint</u> presentations. Having access to this should minimize the need for frantic note taking and allow you to listen carefully and concentrate more on understanding the basic principles being presented. ¶

Lecture notes, PowerPoint slides, optional homework, and other supplementary materials (e.g. reference lists) are available as PDF documents on the class website to help solidify your understanding of the topics being discussed. The lecture notes and select literature articles are **required** reading because it is impossible to cover materials in adequate depth during lectures alone.

COURSE FORMAT

19 lectures (80 min each)

Midterm exam: Feb 5 (100 pts.)

Final exam: Mar 21 (200 pts.)

3-4 two-page critiques: after Feb 15 (50 pts. each)

1-2 optional demos (extra credit pts.)

Several optional recitation help sessions (to review optional homework assignments and lectures)

3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules SYLLABUS (Tentative)

Date(s)	Lec #	Topic(s)
Jan 8	1	Course introduction; Analogy between light microscopy and transmission electron microscopy
Jan 10	2	Electrons/waves/interference/resolution
Jan 15	3	Optics and electromagnetic lenses
Jan 17	4	Design of the TEM and lens aberrations (Top to bottom description of instrument)
Jan 18		Optional recitation session (laser demo; review of homework and lectures, etc.)
Jan 22	5	Design of the TEM and lens aberrations (Continued)
Jan 24	6	Contrast and image formation (electron scattering)
Jan 25		Optional recitation session (review of homework and lectures, etc.)
Jan 29	7	Basics of TEM alignment, performance, operation, and image recording
		Other modes of TEM operation – self taught from notes §I.F
Jan 31	8	Overview of specimen preparation (emphasis on cryoTEM); Radiation effects
		Other biological specimen preparation methods – self taught from notes §II.A.2-II.A.5
Feb 1		Optional recitation session (Help session to prep for midterm exam)
Feb 5		Midterm Exam (100pts) – Covers material through Jan 31 lecture
Fed /	9	Introduction to image analysis; Sources of noise
Feb 12	10	Crystals, symmetry and diffraction
Feb 14	11	Crystals, symmetry and diffraction (Continued)
Feb 19	12	Fourier processing techniques
Feb 21	13	Fourier processing techniques (Continued)
Feb 22		Optional recitation session (review of homework and lectures, etc.)
Feb 26	14	Principles of 3D image reconstruction
Feb 28	15	3D reconstruction of thin 2D crystals
Mar 5	16	3D reconstruction of helical assemblies
Mar 7	17	3D reconstruction of macromolecular complexes with icosahedral symmetry
Mar 8		Optional recitation session (review of homework and lectures, etc.)
Mar 12	18	3D reconstruction of macromolecular complexes with no symmetry
Mar 14	19	Electron cryo-tomography of unique specimens, organelles, and cells
Mar 15		Optional recitation session (Help session to prep for final exam)
Mar 21		FINAL EXAM (200pts) – All inclusive, but focuses on 2nd half of course

3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules SYLLABUS (Tentative)

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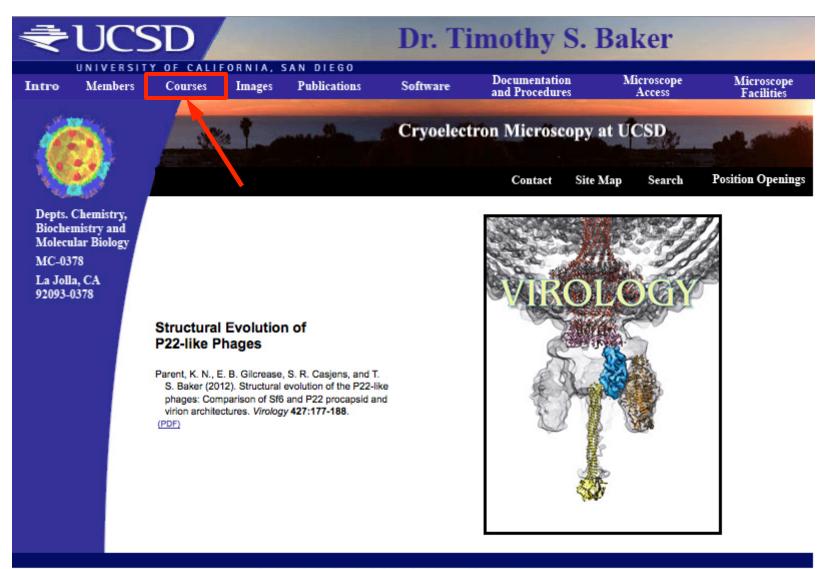
COURSE MATERIALS / HANDOUTS

- Class Roster (please check, fill in, and return to T. Baker asap)
- Basic Info and Syllabus (also posted on Web)
- Accessing Course Materials on the Internet (NOT posted on Web)

Accessing course materials on the Internet

Handout presented in class

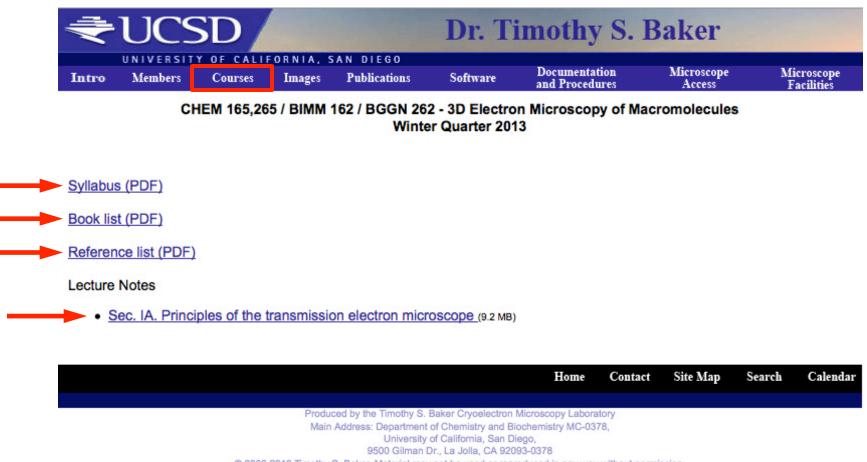
Class Web Page: Jan 7, 2013



Produced by the Timothy S. Baker Cryoelectron Microscopy Laboratory Main Address: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry MC-0378, University of California, San Diego, 9500 Gilman Dr., La Jolla, CA 92093-0378 © 2005-2012 Timothy S. Baker. Material may not be used or reproduced in any way without permission.

Webmaster Date Modified: October 12, 2012

Class Web Page: Jan 7, 2013



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Webmaster

Date Modified: January 7, 2013

COURSE MATERIALS / HANDOUTS

- Class Roster (return to T. Baker asap)
- Basic Info and Syllabus (also posted on Web)
- Accessing Course Materials on the Internet (NOT posted on Web)
- Textbook List (also posted on Web)

CHM 165,265/BIMM 162/BGGN 262

Most of the references listed here are in the Science & Engineering (S&E), the Biomedical Library (BML), at Geisel East (GE), or at Scripps Institution of Oceanography (SIO). Those highlighted in red boldface are good places to start. The Library call numbers are given at the end of each reference. "TSB" signifies that Professor T. S. Baker has a copy or copies that you may borrow temporarily if you can't find a copy at UCSD or SIO.

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY AND OPTICS: GENERAL TEXTBOOKS

- Electron Microscopy of Cells and Tissues. Vol. 1. Instrumentation and Techniques. F. S. Sjostrand. 1967. Classic text on electron microscopy with emphasis on thin sectioning techniques. Is now outdated with regard to thin sectioning methods, but still provides a useful treatment of basic principles of transmission EM. (TSB)
- Electron Microscopy: Principles and Techniques for Biologists. J. J. Bozzola and L. D. Russel. 1992, 1999. Comprehensive, well-illustrated text of biological TEM and SEM and specimen preparation (mostly histological samples). (1992: SIO QH212.E4 B69 & TSB; 1999: BML QH 212.E4 B793 & TSB)
- Introduction to Electron Microscopy. C. E. Hall. 1st ed. 1953, 2nd ed. 1966, 1983. Classic reference on electron optical theory and design. (1966: BML QH 205 H174i & TSB)
- Introduction to Electron Microscopy. S. Wischnitzer. 1st ed. 1962, 2nd ed. 1970, 3rd ed. 1981. Excellent survey of the principles and practice of electron microscopy. (1962: BML QH 205 W811i; 1970: BML QH 205 W811i & TSB; 1981: BML QH 212 E4 W811i & TSB)
- Light and Electron Microscopy. E. M. Slayter and H. S. Slayter. 1992. Basic text covering a wide range of topics including LM, TEM, STEM, SEM, STM, AFM, etc.. (BML QH 502.2 S631L & TSB)
- Practical Electron Microscopy for Biologists. G. A. Meek. 1st ed. 1970, 2nd ed. 1976. Excellent general reference, more comprehensive than Wischnitzer. (1970: TSB; 1976: BML QH 212 E4 M494p & TSB)
- Principles and Practice of Electron Microscope Operation. A. W. Agar, R. H. Alderson and D. Chescoe. In <u>Practical Methods in Electron Microscopy</u>, Vol. 2, **1976**, A. M. Glauert (ed.). Excellent coverage of most aspects of the operation of a TEM. (GE QH212.E4 P7 & TSB)
- The Principles and Practice of Electron Microscopy. I. M. Watt. 1st ed. 1985, 1989, 2nd ed. 1997. Basic text covering TEM and SEM. (1985: TSB; 1997: BML QH 212 E4 W344p & TSB)

OTHER TEM BOOKS & ANNUAL REVIEWS (Alphabetical list)

- Biomedical Electron Microscopy: Illustrated Methods and Interpretations. A. B. Maunsbach and B. A. Afzelius. 1999. Academic Press, San Diego. Lots of beautiful illustrations, mostly of histological samples, and includes practical tips. (GE QH212.E4 M38 & TSB)
- Electron Microscopy of Proteins. Vols. 1-4, J. R. Harris (ed.); Vols. 5-6, J. R. Harris & R. W. Horne (eds.). Academic Press, London. (BML QU 55 E387 & TSB)

Vol Date Contents

	Dute	contenta
1	1981	Haemocyanins; Nuclear envelope and nuclear pore complex; Intermediate filaments; Protein syn- thesis in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Glycoproteins; Coated vesicles; Cilia and flagella
2	1982	Multienzyme complexes; Nonenzymic proteins; Bacterial appendages; Plasma lipoproteins; Fibrous proteins of connective tissue; HREM of unstained, hydrated protein crystals; Specialized membranes
3	1982	Algal cell walls; Bacterial cell walls and membranes; Chromatin and chromosomal proteins; Extra- cellular haemoglobins/chlorocruorins of annelids; Amyloid; Tubulin & tubulin associated proteins
4	1983	Actin and thin filaments; Myosin molecules, thick filaments and the actin-myosin complex; Erythrocyte membrane proteins; Plasma membrane intercellular junctions
5	1986	Bacteriophage T7; Bacteriophage morphogenesis; Crystalline arrays of adenovirus and their compo- nents; Influenza virus; Filamentous plant viruses; Human hepatitis viruses; Reoviruses; Immuno- electron microscopy of extracts of virus-infected plants; Structure and assembly of herpesviruses
6	1987	Freeze fracture of integral membrane proteins; Plasma membrane and cell wall of yeast; Microvillar membrane hydrolases of small intestine; Bacterial surface layers; Photosynthetic membranes and membrane proteins; Phycobilisomes and thylakoids; Sarcoplasmic recticulum

+ 2 more pages

COURSE MATERIALS / HANDOUTS

- Class Roster (return to T. Baker asap)
- Basic Info and Syllabus (also posted on Web)
- Accessing Course Materials on the Internet (NOT posted on Web)
- Textbook List (also posted on Web)
- Reading References List (posted on Web)
- Lecture Notes (16 pages *today*; all will be posted on Web)
- Powerpoint lectures (*will be* posted on Web)
- "Virtual Homework" questions (*will be* posted on Web)
- "Bottom Line" (*will be* posted on Web)
- "*p-Flasher*" (substitute for *i-Clickers*: please bring to every lecture)

icicker.

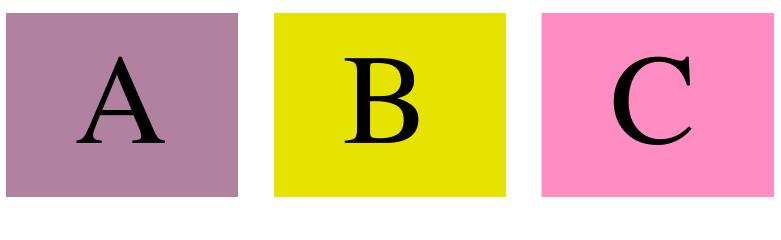






p-Flasher

(AKA the 'poor man's' low-tech substitute)





LECTURES

- Concentrate on key concepts
- Get details from notes and supplementary reading
- Images, images, images!!!

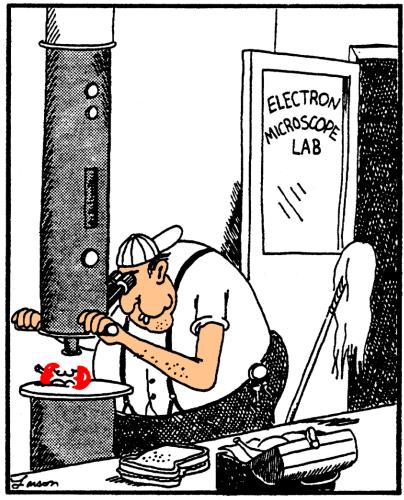
This course IS NOT about:

- SEM (Scanning Electron Microscopy)
- STEM (Scanning Transmission Electron Microscopy)
- AFM (Atomic Force Microscopy)
- STM (Scanning Tunneling Microscopy)
- SPM (Scanning Probe Microscopy)
- LM (Light Microscopy or any related version)

This course IS about:

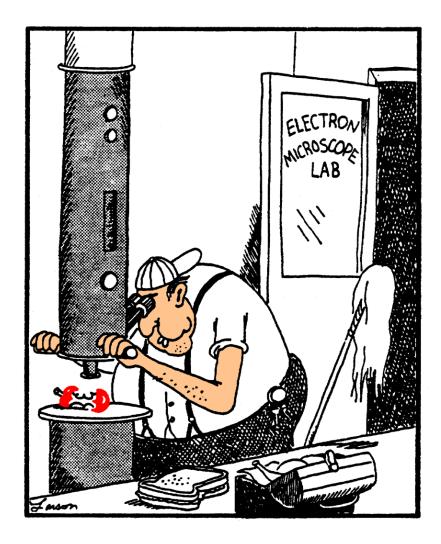
- TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy)

Sounds simple, right?



BASIC DESIRES (of any microscopist)

- See magnified view of object details
- Need **optical instrument** to get REALLY REALLY 'close' to object
- Need to form AND record images
- TEM specimens need special preparation for observation in 'harsh' environment
- Need theoretical and practical training to become a proficient 'expert'



TOPICS

- Principles of TEM Electrons, lenses, and optics
- Design of TEM Components top to bottom
- Contrast and image formation Electron scattering from object
- Optimizing TEM performance Alignment assures 'best' images
- Operation of TEM "What do all these buttons do?"
- Other modes of TEM Many ways to 'observe' specimens
- Specimen preparation for TEM Getting the specimen ready
- Radiation damage Less is better
- 3D reconstruction

Specimen 3D structure from 2D images

A few loose ends

- Lectures start promptly at 8:00 AM



- Equations: not necessary to memorize! You *do* need to understand them
- Practice questions often posted before 8 AM (some may appear on exams)

And then there is always...









...and other devices

TRIVIAL BUT IMPORTANT

 $1 \text{ nm} = 1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ meter}$ 1 nanometer = 1 billionth of a meter

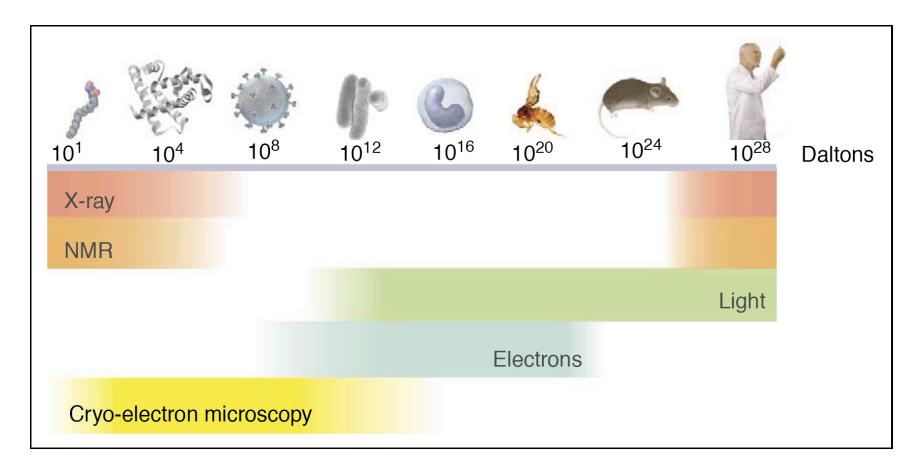
TRIVIAL BUT IMPORTANT

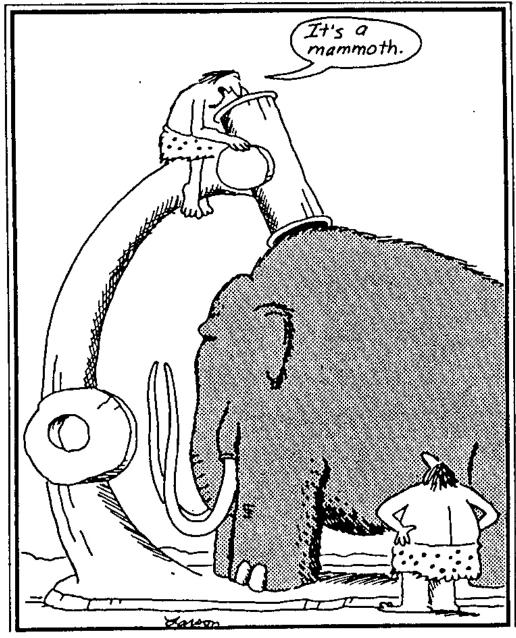
1 nm = 1 x 10⁻⁹ meter 1 nm = 10 Å (Å = Angstrom) 1 Å = 0.1 nm 1 μ m = 1 x 10⁻⁶ meter 1 micron = 1 millionth of a meter

TRIVIAL BUT IMPORTANT

- 1 nm = 1 x 10⁻⁹ meter 1 nm = 10 Å (Å = Angstrom) 1 Å = 0.1 nm 1 μ m = 1 x 10⁻⁶ meter 1 μ m = 1000 pm
- 1 μm = 1000 nm
- 1 μm = 10,000 Å

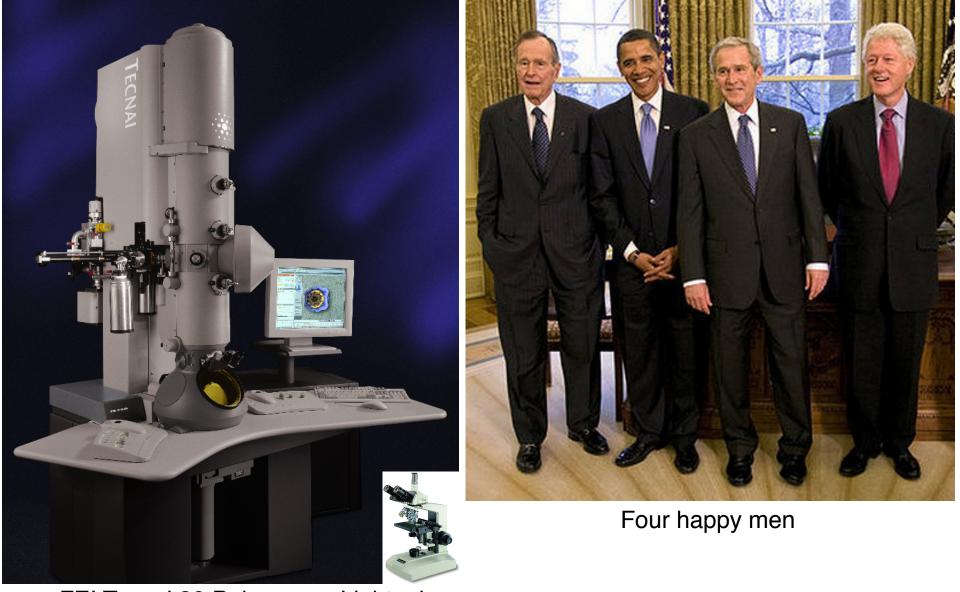
Scale of Biological Structures





Early microscope

Scale: 2⁰ 1X

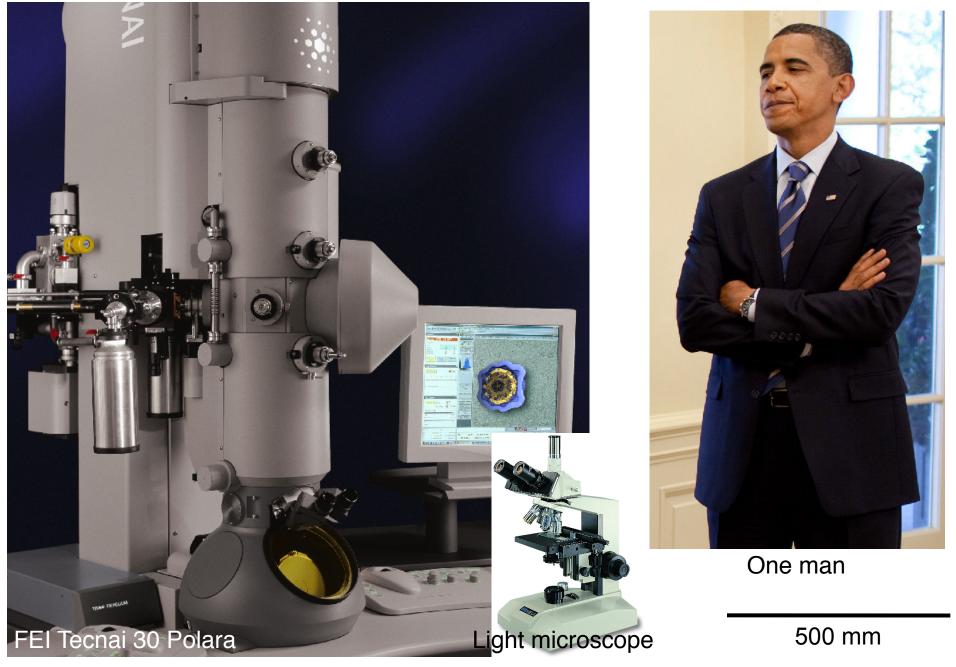


FEI Tecnai 30 Polara

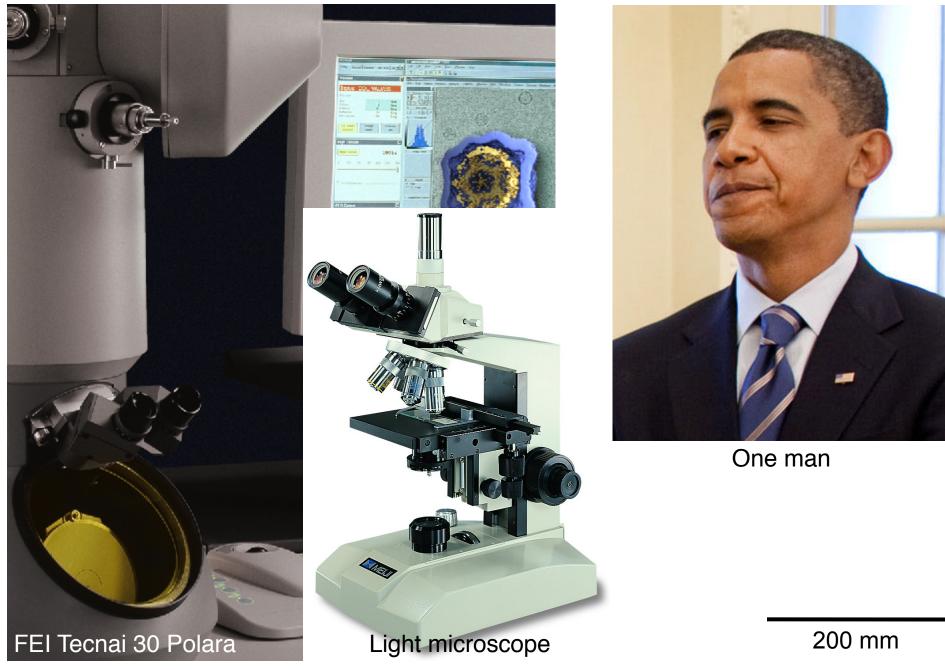
Light microscope

1 meter

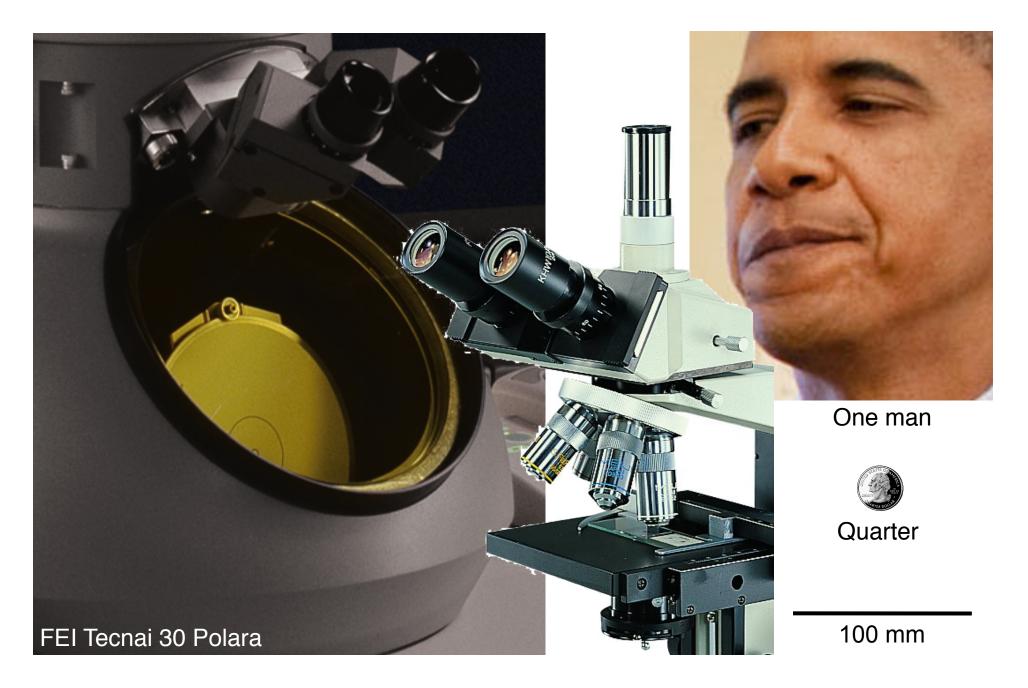
Scale: 2¹ 2X



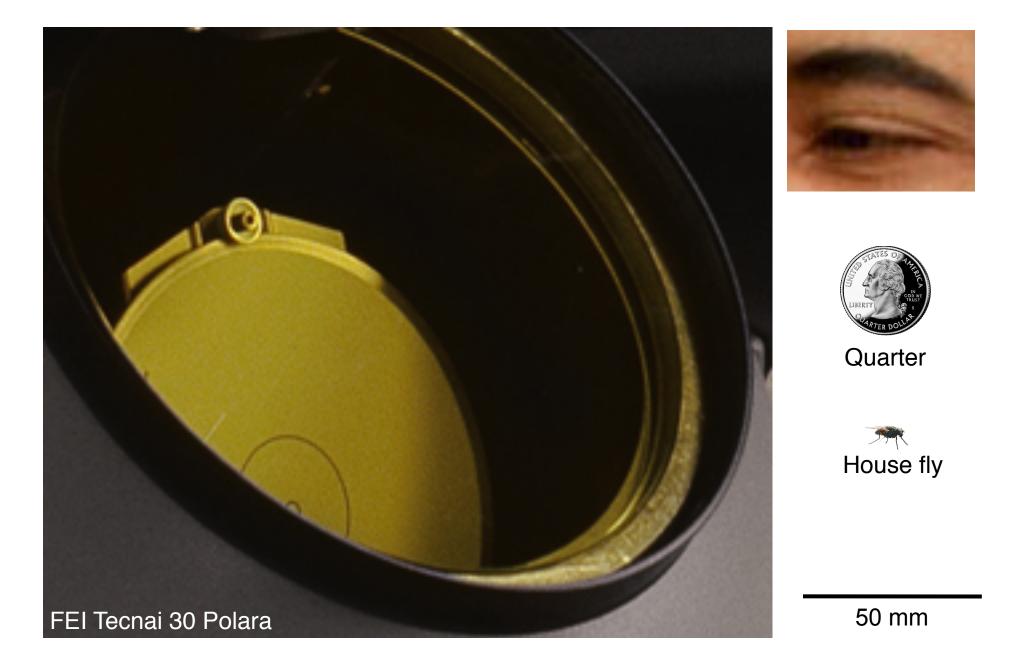
Scale: 2² 4X

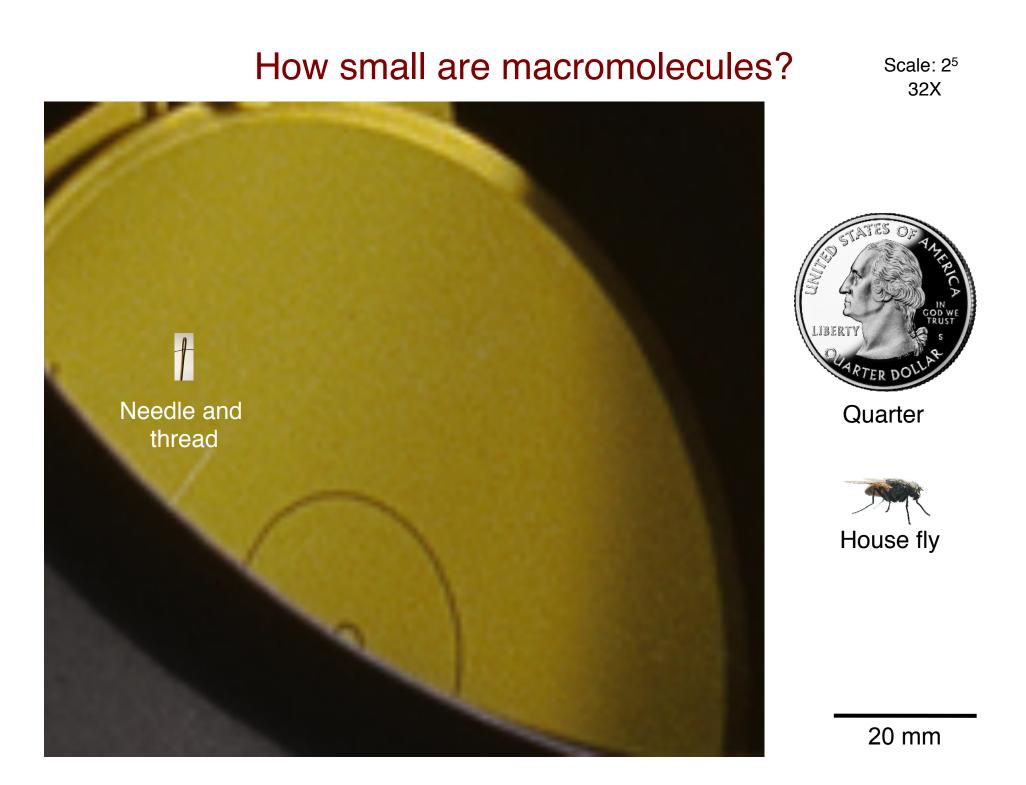


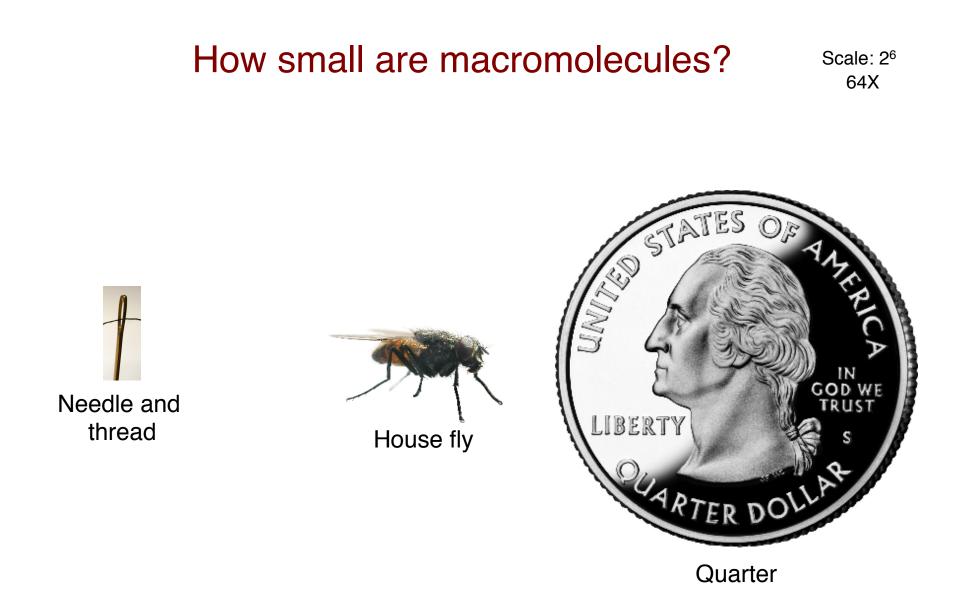
Scale: 2³ 8X

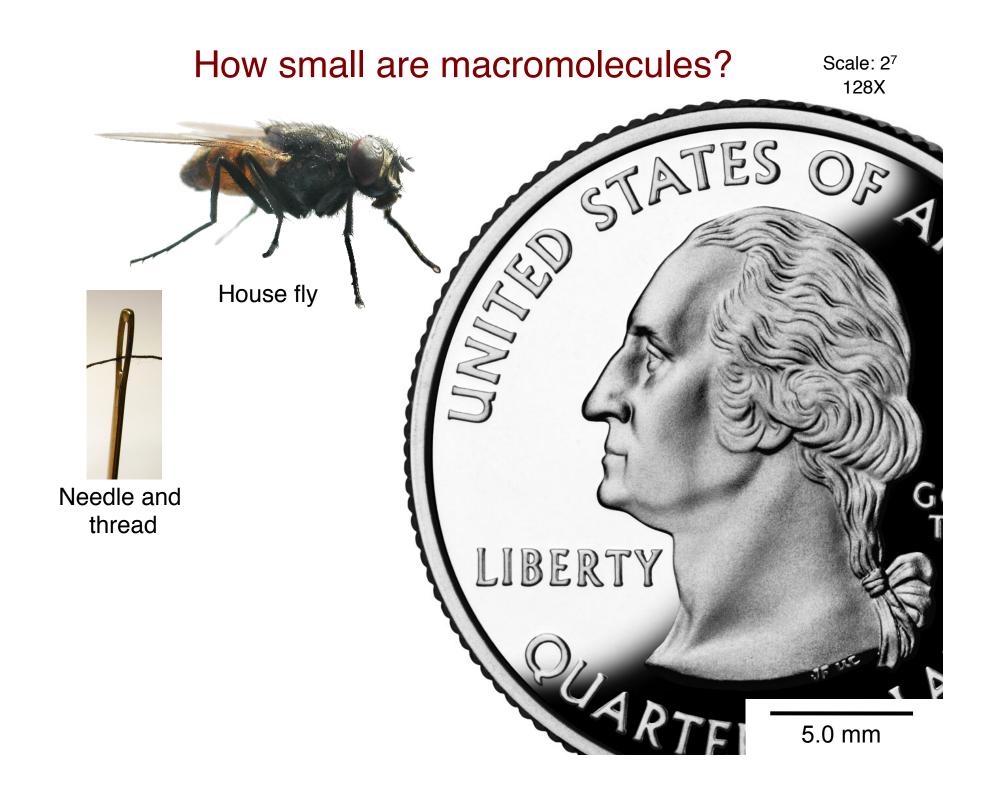


Scale: 2⁴ 16X









Scale: 2⁸ 256X





Scale: 2⁹ 512X

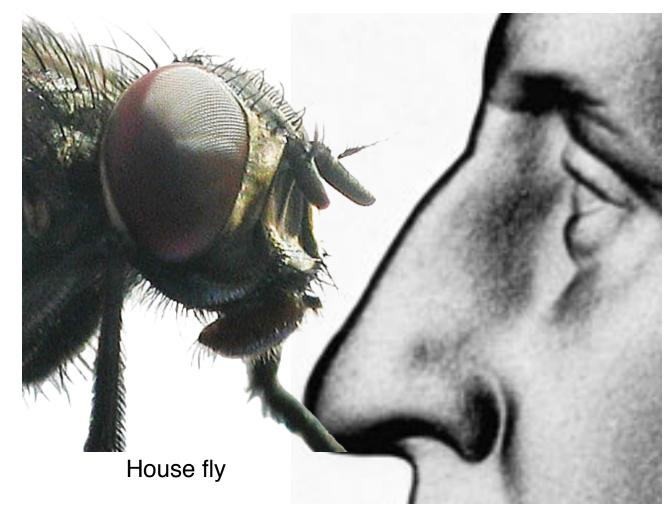






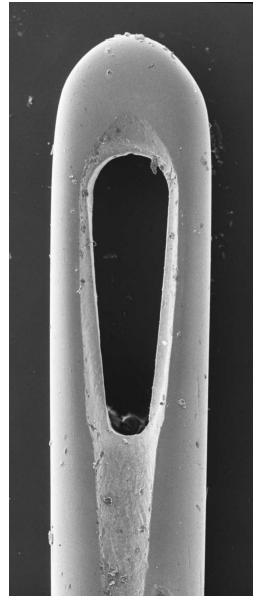
Drosophila

Eye of needle



1.0 mm

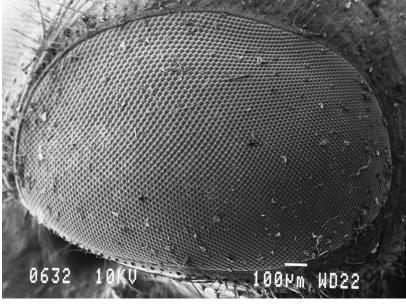
Scale: 2¹⁰ 1024X







Drosophila

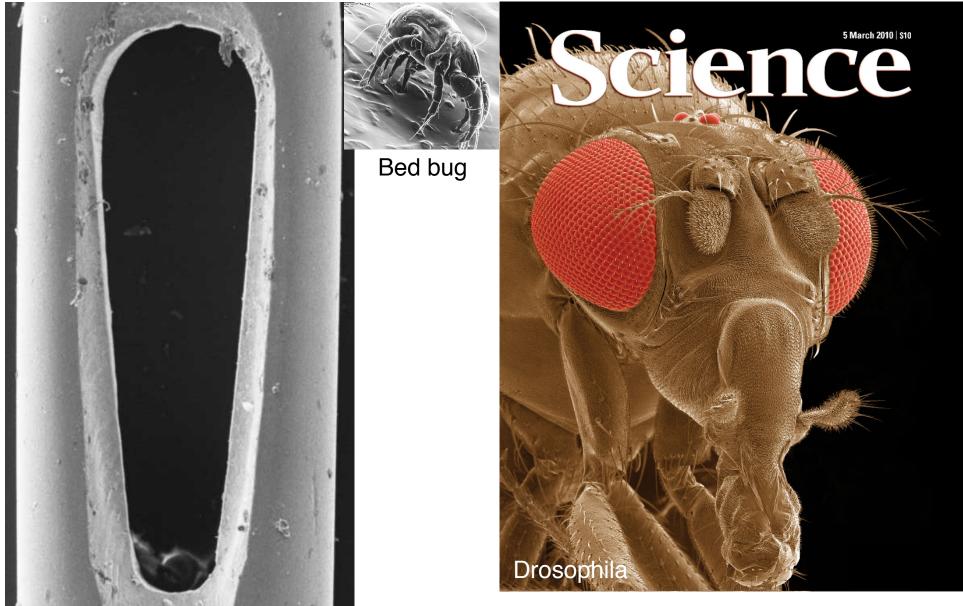


House fly eye

Eye of needle

1.0 mm

Scale: 2¹¹ 2048X



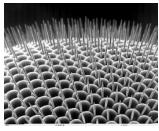
Eye of needle

0.5 mm

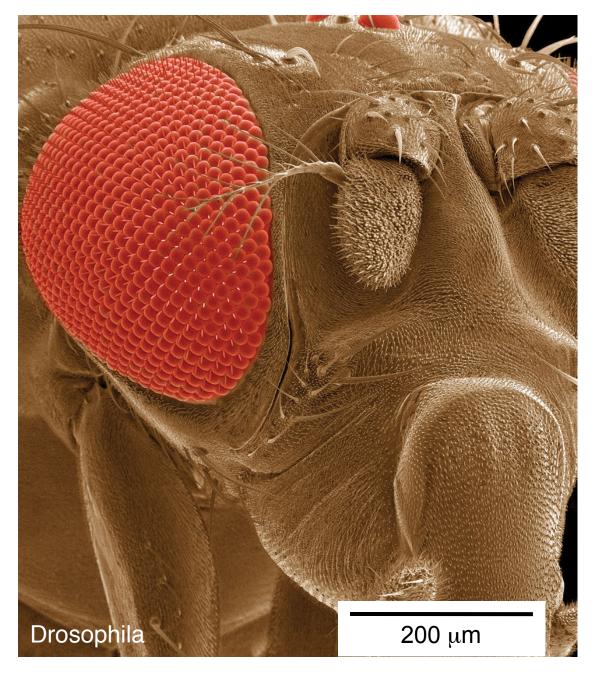
Scale: 2¹² 4096X



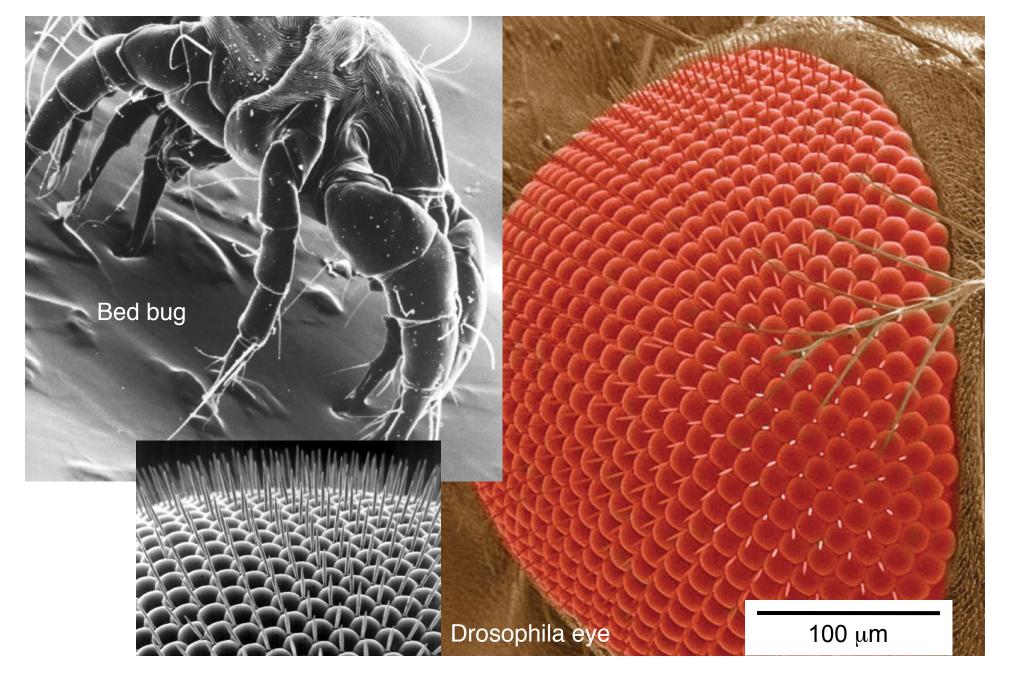
Bed bug



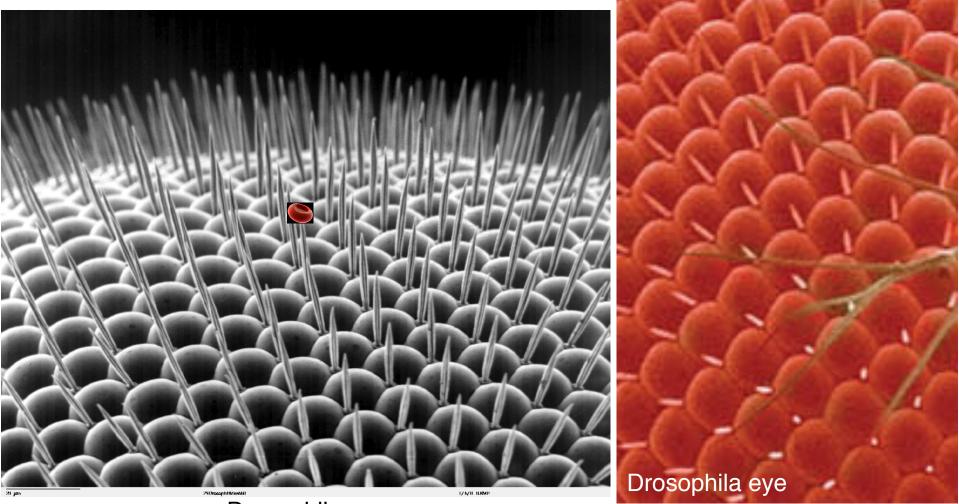
Drosophila eye



Scale: 2¹³ 8192X

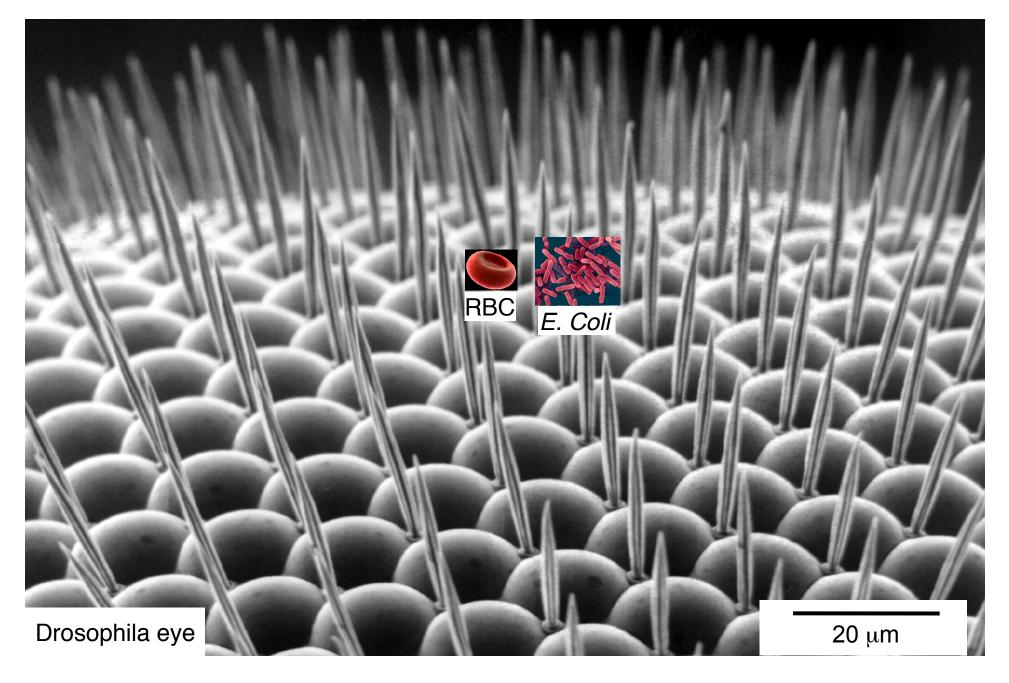


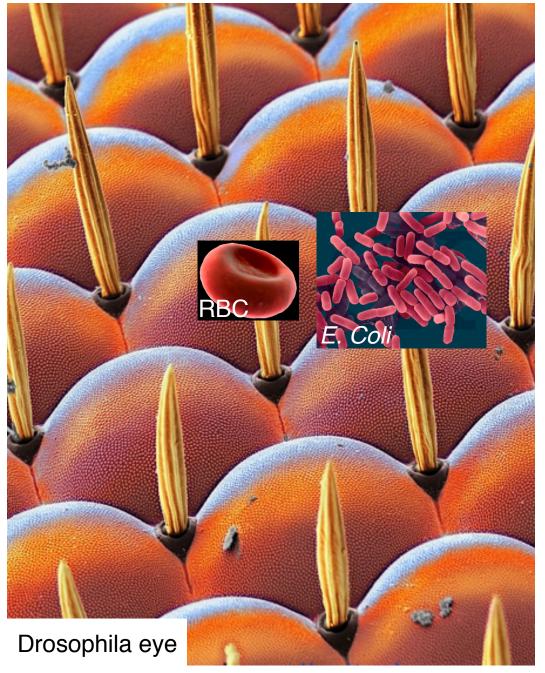
Scale: 2¹⁴ 16,384X



Drosophila eye

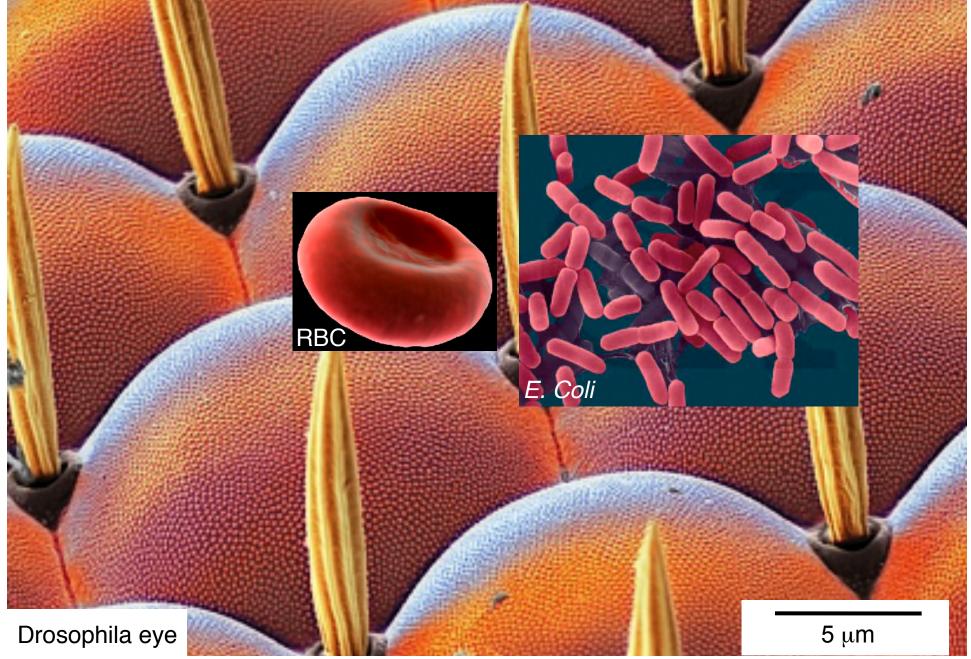
Scale: 2¹⁵ 32,768X



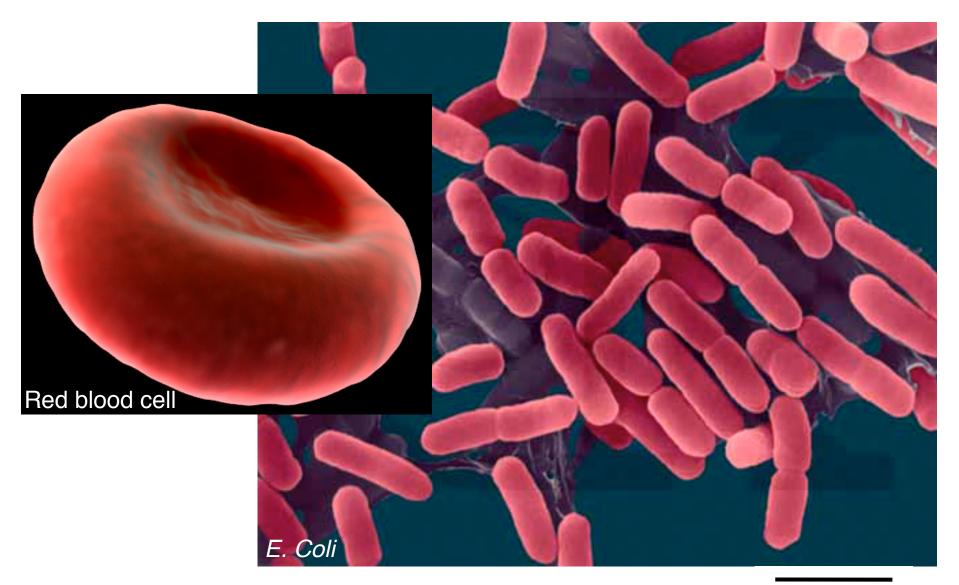


Scale: 2¹⁶ 65,536X

Scale: 2¹⁷ 131,072X



Scale: 2¹⁸ 262,144X

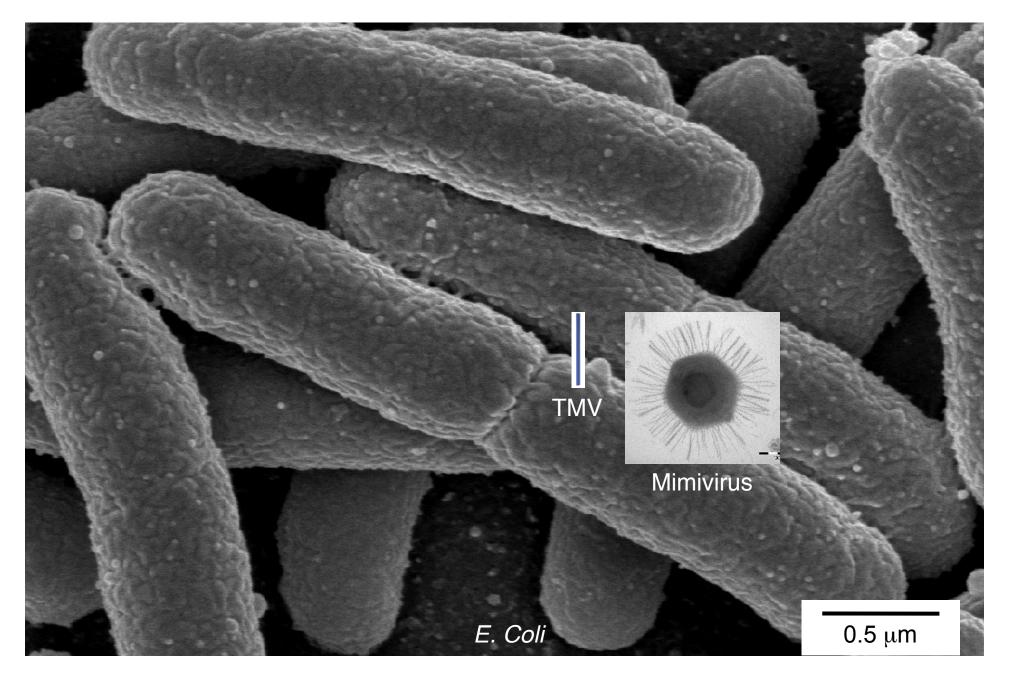




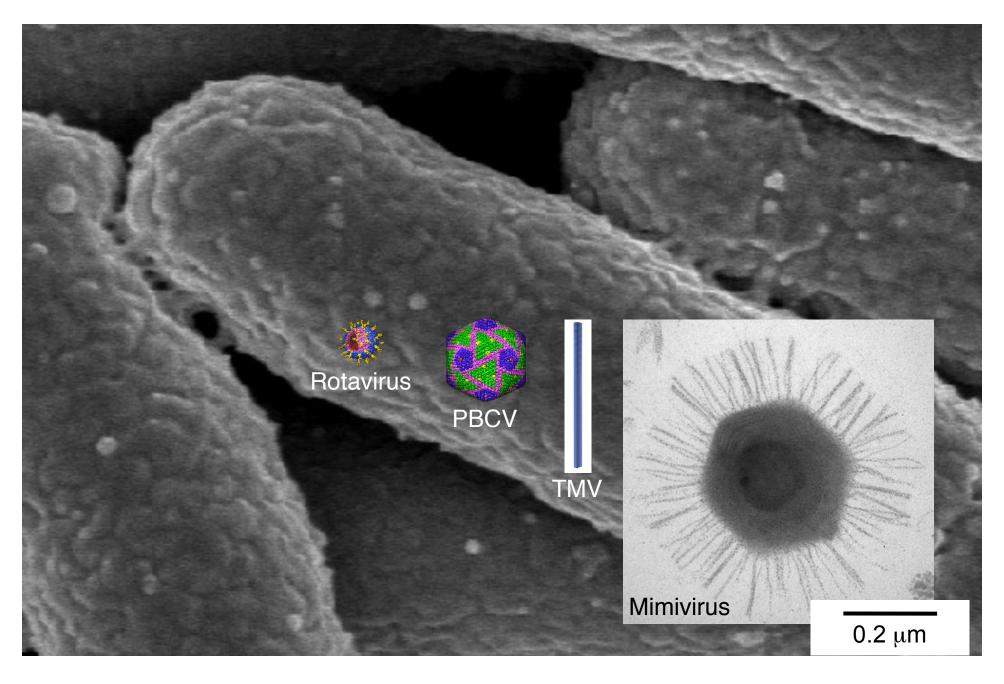
Scale: 2¹⁹ 524,288X



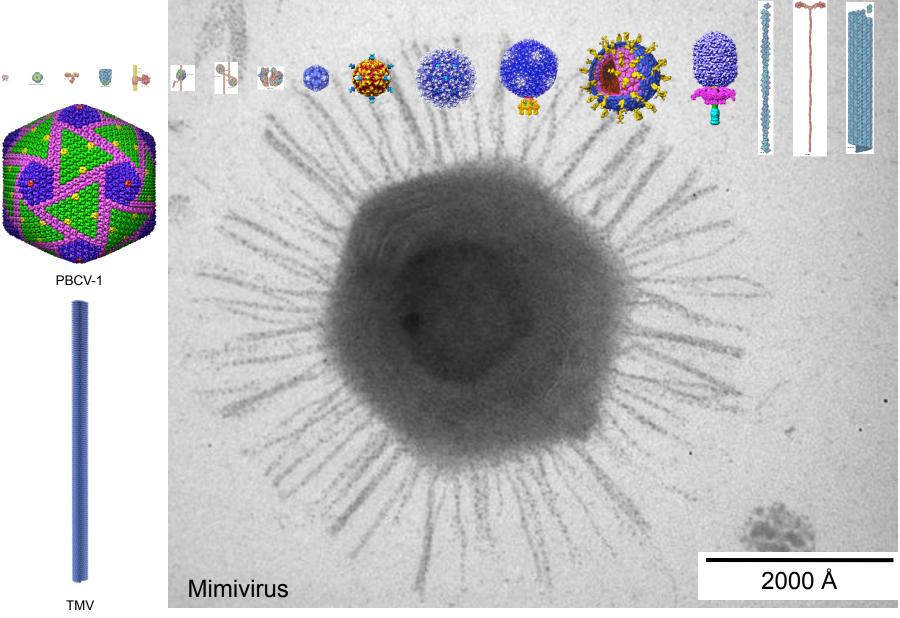
Scale: 2²⁰ 1,048,576X



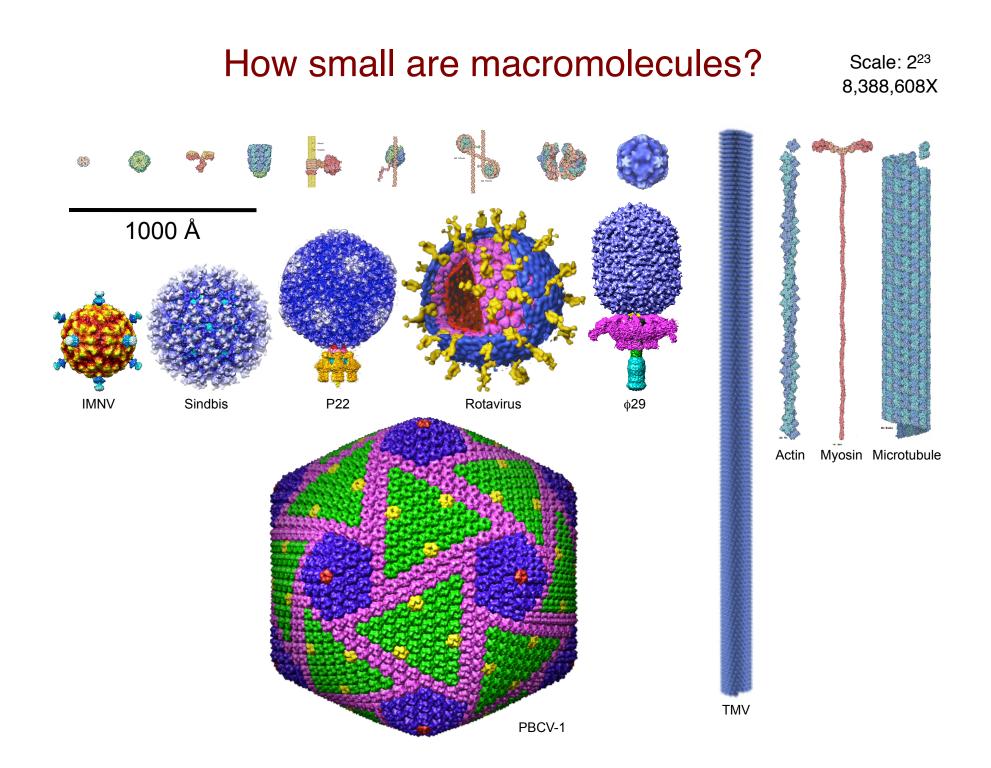
Scale: 2²¹ 2,097,152X



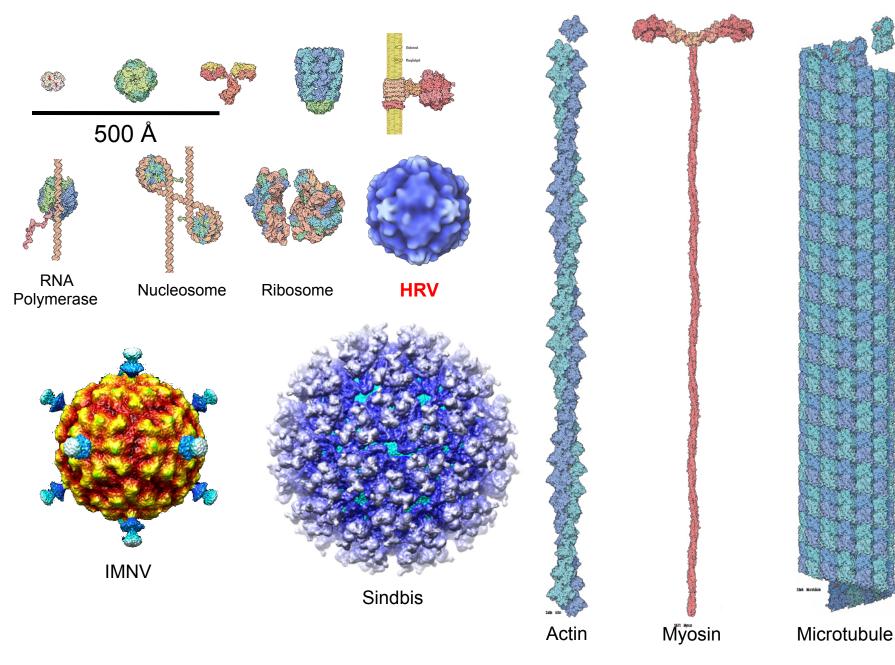
Scale: 2²² 4,194,304X



www.stanford.edu/group/virus/mimi/2005/index.htm



Scale: 2²⁴ 16,777,216X

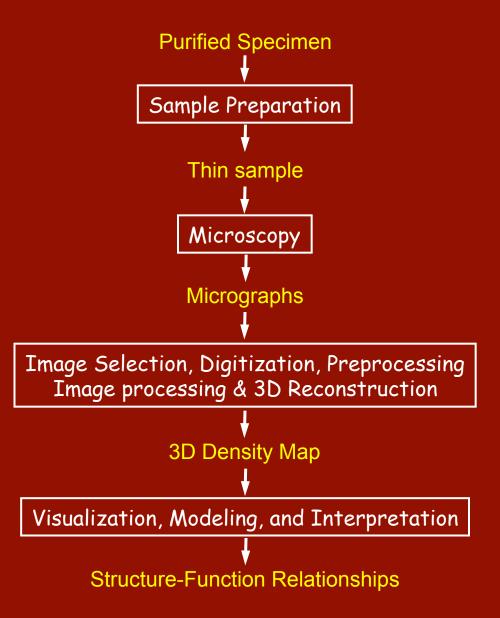


3D Electron Microscopy of Macromolecules

The "Story" in Three Parts

- The Microscope
- The Specimen
- The Structure

Electron Microscopy and 3D Image Reconstruction

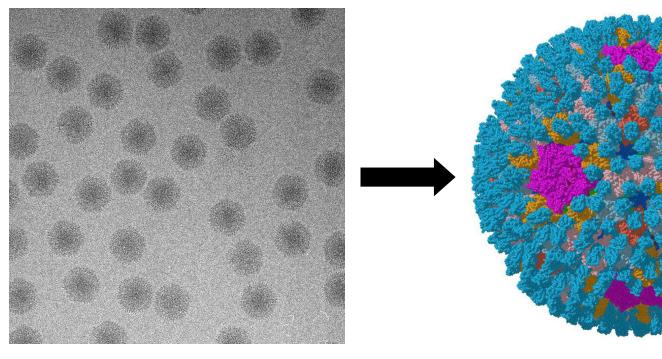


3D Electron Cryo-Microscopy of Macromolecules

How do we get this...

... and eventually this?

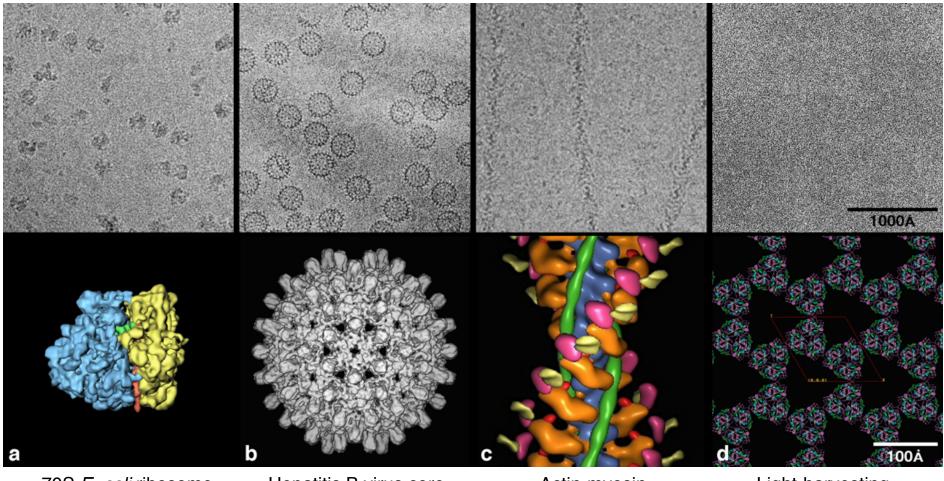
Virion



Cryo-TEM image of human reovirus

3D pseudo-atomic model of human reovirus

3D Electron Cryo-Microscopy of Macromolecules



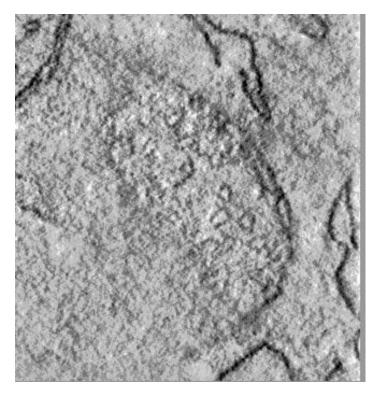
70S E. coli ribosome

Hepatitis B virus core

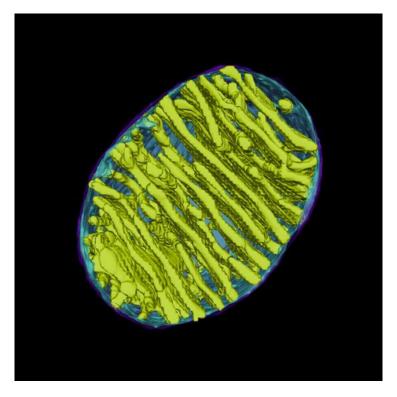
Actin-myosin filament

Light-harvesting 2D crystal

3D Electron Tomography of Organelles /Cells



Tomographic series of a stained, thick section of mitochondrion



Animation of a segmented version of the mitochondrion on left



Allright, so much for the introductory stuff...

Sample Question

Rearrange the following list of dimensions according to increasing size: **0.15** μm 0.3 mm 0.5 nm 1 cm **1** μm 1 nm 1 mm 1 Å 7.5 Å 10 m 25 Å **30** µm **65 μm** 400 nm

500 mm

Note: m = meter; cm = centimeter; mm = millimeter; μ m = micron; nm = nanometer; Å = Ångstrom

Sample Question

Which is larger, 150 Å or 0.15 μ m?

Which is larger, 151 nm or 0.149 μ m?

Which is larger, 999 μ m or 9.9 mm?

Questions like this may be displayed **RIGHT BEFORE** or **DURING** class, but only those shown during class will be posted on the Class Web site along with the Powerpoint lecture notes